§ 221.10

§221.10 Personal property acquisition.

Personal property acquisition will be accomplished as prescribed in 44 CFR 220.13.

Subpart C—Relocation Assistance

§221.11 Relocation assistance.

Relocation assistance will be provided to all displaced persons pursuant to 49 CFR part 24, subpart C. Additional requirements and considerations are:

- (a) Those eligible for permanent relocation assistance may be required to vacate their property immediately to a temporary location because of the danger continued occupancy may pose to the health and safety of the occupants or the public.
- (b) Pursuant to the requirements of Executive Order 11988 and 44 CFR part 9, persons displaced by a CERCLA action will not be relocated to areas in a floodplain unless there are not practicable alternative housing sites.
- (c) Persons displaced by a CERCLA action and who permanently relocate to an area of special hazard (as defined in the Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973, Pub. L. 93–234) will not be eligible for federal financial assistance for acquisition or construction purposes (pursuant to section 102(a) of the Act) if they do not purchase flood insurance.
- (d) Persons displaced are not eligible for assistance to relocate to special flood hazard areas of communities which do not participate in the Flood Insurance Program.

Subpart D—Payments for Moving and Related Expenses

§221.12 Moving and related expenses.

Payments for moving and related expenses will be provided as prescribed in 49 CFR part 24, subpart D.

Subpart E—Replacement Housing Payments

§ 221.13 Replacement housing payments.

Payments for replacement housing will be provided as prescribed in 49 CFR part 24, subpart E.

Subpart F—Mobile Homes

§221.14 Mobile homes.

Assistance for mobile home owners and occupants will be provided as prescribed in 49 CFR part 24, subpart F.

PART 222—SUPERFUND COST SHARE ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA FOR PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY RELOCATION

Sec.

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AUTHORITY: Reorganization Plan Number 3 of 1978; 42 U.S.C. 9601 *et seq.*; Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980, Pub. L. 96–510; Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Pub. L. 99–499; E.O. 12580, Superfund Implementation.

Source: $52 \ FR \ 6800$, Mar. 5, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§222.1 Purpose.

This part prescribes the criteria to be followed by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), or any state acting on its behalf when implementing cost sharing under the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), as amended, also known as Superfund.

§222.2 Definitions.

- (a) Acceptable contributions means either cash (or its equivalent, appropriated funds) or the value of contributions of goods, facilities or services, or combinations of these, that can qualify for and meet matching share requirements.
- (b) Allowable costs means those eligible, reasonable and necessary, costs which are permitted under the appropriate Federal cost principles, in accordance with FEMA policy, within the scope of the project, authorized for FEMA participation and in accordance

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with OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State and Local Governments.

- (c) Cash contributions means the recipient's (state or local government) cash outlay, including the outlay of money contributed to the recipient by other public agencies, institutions, private organizations, and individuals.
- (d) *Cost share* means that portion of the allowable project cost which is not derived from Federal assistance.
- (e) *Value* is the cost to the state for services and facilities or goods.

§222.3 Program intent.

- (a) This regulation is intended to provide criteria with regard to the states' allowable costs associated with the administration of temporary and permaactivities nent relocation CERCLA. CERCLA section 104(c)(3), as amended, states that the state will pay or assure payment of (1) 10 per centum of the costs of the remedial action, including all future maintenance or, (2) 50 per centum (or such greater amount as the President may determine appropriate, taking into account the degree of responsibility of the state or political subdivision for the release) of any sums expended in response to a release at a facility that was operated by the state or a political subdivision thereof, either directly, or through a contractual relationship or otherwise at the time of any disposal of hazardous substances therein. The Federal Government will pay 90 per centum under (a)(1) and 50 per centum or less under (a)(2)
- (b) FEMA will determine, based on policy determinations with prospective effect, applying the criteria set out in §§ 222.4 and 222.5, the eligibility of any matching contributions not covered by this regulation. Expenditures and other actions must be in compliance with applicable FEMA/State cooperative agreements, contracts, Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally-Assisted Programs (Uniform Regulations), relocation plans, relocation criteria, and OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State and Local Governments. FEMA and the state shall maintain adequate records of its acquisition and relocation activities in sufficient

detail to demonstrate compliance with these regulations.

- (c) This regulation shall be used in conjunction with the following documents:
- (1) Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act of 1980 (CERCLA), Public Law 96-510.
- (2) Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986, Public Law
- (3) Executive Order 12580, Superfund Implementation;
- (4) FEMA relocation regulations and criteria;
- (5) OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State and Local Governments:
- (6) Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally-Assisted Programs (Uniform Regulations) 44 CFR part 25; and
- (7) Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 (84 Stat. 1894; 42 U.S.C. 9615)

§222.4 Matching contributions.

Either cash and/or the value of goods, services or facilities can qualify as matching contributions. Matching contributions need not be applied at the exact time or in proportion to the obligation of the Federal funds. However, the full matching share must be obligated by the end of the project for which the Federal funds have been made available for obligation under an approved program or project.

§ 222.5 Criteria for acceptable contributions.

- (a) The value of any resources accepted as a matching share under one Federal agreement or program cannot be counted again as a contribution under another.
- (b) The state seeking the match shall submit documentation sufficient for FEMA to determine that the contribution meets the following requirements. The match shall be:
- (1) Necessary and reasonable for proper, cost-effective and efficient administration of the project, allocable solely thereto (subject to valid approved credit from a previous project), and except as specifically provided